



# 重庆阳江机械制造有限公司

Chongqing Yangjiang Machine Manufacturing Co., LTD  
 NO 75, Tianma Road, Shapingba district, Chongqing, China

Tel:0086-23- 65770714 cell:0086-18602394469 E-mail:cnoilrecycling@gmail.com

## ZLA Two-Stage Vacuum Transformer Oil Purification Machine

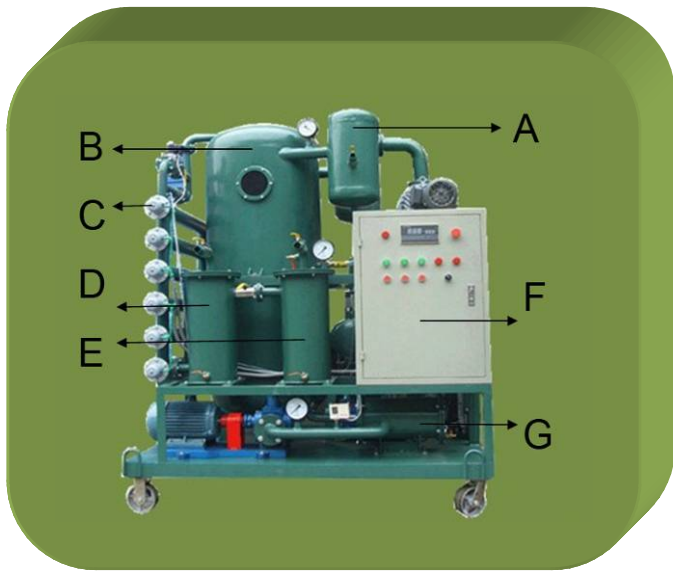
Why we should recycle the used transformer oil? Did you know that used oil never wears out? It just gets dirty and can be recycled, re-refined, and then used again. Recycling oil conserves a natural resource (oil) and is good for the environment too! This machine mainly used to recycling transformer oil, insulating oil and super HV transformer oil, particularly applied in large scale 110KV transport voltage device and the national transformer substations



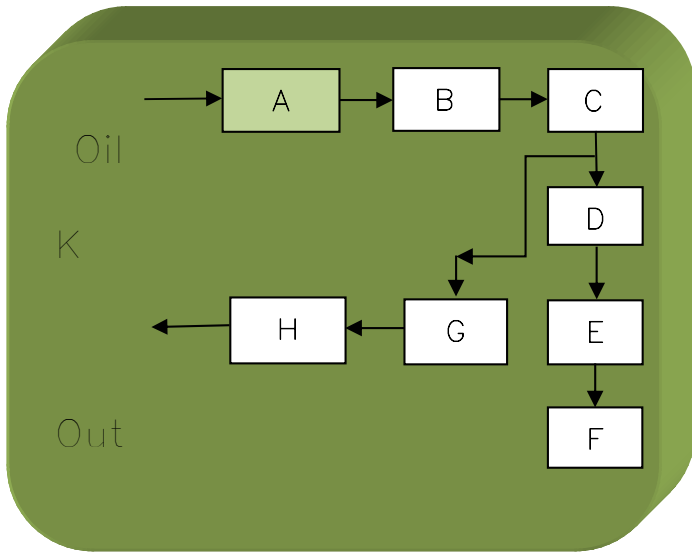
Electricity factory  
 Transformer station  
 Oil connection stations  
 Transformer repair shop



| ITEM              | UNIT | ZLA-30                    | ZLA -50 | ZLA -75 | ZLA -100 | ZLA -150     | ZLA -200 | ZLA -300 |      |
|-------------------|------|---------------------------|---------|---------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|------|
| Flow Rate         | L/H  | 1800                      | 3,000   | 4,500   | 6,000    | <b>9,000</b> | 12,000   | 18,000   |      |
| Vacuum Range      | MPa  | -0.092----0.099           |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Max Vacuum Range  | Pa   | <=50                      |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Working Pressure  | MPa  | <=20                      |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Temperature Range | C    | 45-65                     |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Power Supply      | V    | -20Hz 380V (or as needed) |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Working Noise     | dB   | <=72                      |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Water Content     | PPm  | <=4 after treat           |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Gas Content       | %    | <=0.1 after treat         |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Impurities size   | um   | <=5 after treat           |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Breakdown Voltage | Kv   | 75KV after treat          |         |         |          |              |          |          |      |
| Heating Power     | Kw   | 30                        | 48      | 50      | 90       | 120          | 150      | 180      |      |
| Total power       | Kw   | 33                        | 52      | 54      | 97       | 131          | 165      | 195      |      |
| Inlet or outlet   | Mm   | DN25                      | DN32    | DN32    | DN40     | DN50         | DN50     | DN60     |      |
| Net Weight        | Kg   | 650                       | 850     | 850     | 1300     | 2200         | 2800     | 2800     |      |
| size              | L    | 1500                      | 1450    | 1600    | 1700     | 1900         | 1600     | 2000     | 2200 |
|                   | W    | 1100                      | 1000    | 1100    | 1150     | 1200         | 2200     | 1500     | 1500 |
|                   | H    | 1750                      | 1800    | 1800    | 1800     | 2100         | 1500     | 2200     | 2400 |



- A WATER TANK
- B VACUUM SEPARATOR
- C HEATER
- D FINE FILTER
- E PRE-FILTER
- F CONTROL BOX
- G SECONDARY FILTER



- A PRE-FILTER
- B HEATER
- C VACUUM SEPARATOR
- D WATER COOLER
- E CONDENSER
- F WATER TANK
- G OIL PUMP
- H FINE FILTER
- I OIL PUMP
- J VACUUM PUMP
- K ROOTS PUMP

Standard model ZLA:



Front



Left



Right



Back

## Standard model ZLA-150:



Front



Left



Right



Back

## Standard model with trailer and box:



**Trailer**

Small capacity have two wheels, big capacity with 4 wheels



**Trailer with box**



## Application

ZLA series is main used to improve the properties of insulation oil. It can remove trace water, gas, particulate matters etc. From the insulating oil effectively and rapidly so as to boost performance of transformers, circuit breakers, mutual inductors, cable and capacitors which has insulation system. ZLA series specialize in purifying branded oil, insulating oil of high voltage and super high voltage transformer. Additionally, it is suitable for treating low viscosity lubrication oil.



## Description

ZLA series utilizes coacervation technology, coalescing technology, separating technology and refined purification technology. To remove free, soluble water, carbon, free and dissolved gases and particulate matters from insulating oil effectively and rapidly.

## Edges of ZLA

- ◆ To remove free, soluble water, carbon, free and dissolved gases and particulate matters from insulating oil effectively and rapidly.
- ◆ Enhance the value of breakdown voltage greatly..
- ◆ Easy handling and maintenance.
- ◆ Inject oil into the transformers.
- ◆ Online work
- ◆ Lower maintenance and replacement expenses.
- ◆ High efficiency and effectiveness.
- ◆ Small size, light weight, low noise
- ◆ Various sizes and configurations (shield) available.
- ◆ Low maintenance and replacement expenses.
- ◆ Low operation cost.
- ◆ High regeneration rate.
- ◆ Automatic reverse-washing system will extend the lifetime of filters and improve the performance of the filters.
- ◆ High performance security system including pressure protection device and automatic temperature controller makes purifier operate safely.
- ◆ Small size, light weight, low noise.



## Structure

### ◆ Dehydration (Degas) System

- 1, The vacuum vessel can evaporation area efficiently. The heater, being placed on the vacuum vessel, becomes an evaporator. Thus the evaporation area of vacuum vessel is three times more than that of the general vacuum vessel. This innovation can dehydrate and degas effectively and efficiently.
- 2, The optimal structure of the dehydration (degas) system enlarges the surface area of oil exposed

to the vacuum system and extends the flowing distance of the oil in the vacuum system. Thus there has sufficient time to remove the moisture and gas from the oil by vaporization.

#### ◆Filtering System (particulate matter removal)

- 1, The filtering materials with variable apertures are made of specialized glass fiber. The sizes of the filtering fiber and aperture dwindle gradually in the different filtering stages. The impurities with different particulate sizes are filtered step by step. The capability of removing particulate matters and impurities is improved greatly by this method.
- 2, The filtering system has stable and perfect filtering fineness. The filtering fineness has several grades, including 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10 um etc. Oil  $\beta \geq 1000$  after filter.
- 3, The filtering system is equipped with reverse rinse and filth device. It improves the effectiveness of filtering and extends the lifetime of filter awfully.

#### ◆Oil heating System

- 1, The unique heater structure heats the oil uniformly.
- 2, Oil Heater System assures less than 1.0 w/cm<sup>2</sup>. During the heating process, the deterioration of the oil caused by overheating is avoided.
- 3, The oil temperature can be adjusted between 20C to 80C. The heater is controlled manually or automatically. The heater will stop automatically when the oil temperature reaches a certain degree.
- 4, Being installed with safety protection devices, the heating system is secure and reliable. The heater will stop operation automatically when the oil volume of inlet is too low to avoid the damages of the heater.

#### ◆Electrical Apparatus Controlling System

- 1, The main components of the electrical apparatus made by Schneider, Siemens and so on ensure the safety of the controlling system.
- 2, Having several protection systems which will avoid oil ejection, overload and over voltage etc.

#### ◆Oil-level Controlling System

- 1, The oil-level floating ball or infrared liquid level automatic controller system are installed in the vacuum vessel to control the oil level so as to avoid the oil being suctioned into vacuum pump in the operation.
- 2, The new innovation of eliminating froth can avoid the oil being suctioned into vacuum pump.

## FLOW CHART

Note: — oil direction    ~ gas direction

